

Managing Common Complications Associated with PetFix Services

MALE CATS

PetFix Clinic Phone Number (9am – 3pm, weekdays): **216-732-7040**

After Hours Advice Line (evenings or weekends – *instructions in case of possible post-op emergency*): **216-618-7233**

Email: appointments@petfixnortheastohio.org

Please note that this document was created to help you with decision-making around common post spay/neuter procedural issues. We want to help address your concerns by phone or email, but understand it is scary while waiting for a response. We hope this document helps you consider your options in the event of a complication. If you feel something is wrong with your animal after reading this document, please call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours).

INCISION (Examine the incision twice daily)

Common Concerns:

- **Mild, non-life-threatening bleeding from the incision post-op:** In about 1 in 20 patients, we see spotting of blood from the incisions in male cats. If your cat is acting normally (eating/drinking/urinating/defecating/interacting), we ask you to keep your cat in a place where they can be watched and where clean-up will be easy. As this can be quite messy, a bathroom is usually best. This can APPEAR like an alarming amount of blood, without it being serious bleeding. (Just as a small amount of paint goes a long way, male cats tend to “paint” their incision bleeding all over.) As long as there aren’t large quarter sized drops of blood consistently every few seconds, monitoring your cat is the best course of action. Daily updates to PetFix by phone or email would be appreciated. Watching for atypical hiding by your cat and for yellow discharge from the incision should be prioritized, as post-op bleeding increases the likelihood for infection.
- **Incision infection:** Around 1 in 1000 male cats get an incision infection after surgery and most of these are cats that have had post-op bleeding. Infections are identified by your cat’s unusual hiding, lack of appetite, or by pus discharge from the incision. Rarely, a draining tract can appear between the legs on the belly. When this occurs, it will look like a quarter sized hole through the skin. If you notice any of these signs, please call or email for a next business day, free of charge, recheck appointment at PetFix. If there is an infection found, we will prescribe antibiotics for \$15 and possibly re-close the incision, which would require an anesthesia charge of another \$15.

Serious Concerns [Call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours)]:

- **Severe, life-threatening bleeding from the incision post-op:** To date, we have not seen life-threatening bleeding from a male cat neuter. It is theoretically possible, so is worth knowing what to look for. If your cat is bleeding in large quarter sized drops, every few seconds as he walks around and this goes on for more than 10 minutes, please seek emergency care. If your cat is acting sleepy and can’t be roused normally (for example if you put your cat on its feet and it falls to the side), or if your cat’s tongue and gums are suddenly very pale, please seek emergency care.

VOMITING, LACK OF APPETITE, AND/OR DIARRHEA

Common Concerns:

- **Same day as surgery:** The medication we use for pain and sleep during surgery frequently causes nausea/diarrhea after surgery. Nausea/diarrhea from these medications (except Meloxicam) should go away by the morning after surgery. If your cat is experiencing nausea, a quiet, dark place, with access to water, but away from strong smells (like cat food) is best. There is no need to seek further medical care for nausea/diarrhea unless your cat is having trouble standing or is vomiting more than 4 times in an hour for multiple hours. Small amounts of blood in the feces same day as surgery is usually caused by the extreme stress of the day, and should be monitored, but is not a terrible cause for concern.
- **Same week as surgery:** We use a medication called Meloxicam to help with pain and inflammation associated with surgery. This medication alters blood flow to the stomach and intestines which can lead to irritation. This medication lasts for a long time in the body (days), which is great for control of pain and inflammation, but can contribute to GI upset for days. Reactions to vaccines can also cause vomiting/diarrhea for about 1 week post vaccination. If your cat is experiencing vomiting for more than just the day of surgery, please call PetFix for advice.
- **More than 1 week after surgery:** This is rarely related to PetFix procedures but could be potentially concerning. Please contact PetFix for a recheck appointment for further evaluation. Please note, that if we cannot find something that relates to a procedure performed at PetFix, we will refer you to a full-service vet clinic for further care.

Serious Concerns [Call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours)]:

- If your cat cannot stand when placed on its feet normally or if you cat is vomiting more than 4 times in an hour for multiple hours, please seek emergency care. Though we try our very best to prevent the spread of infectious disease through sanitation, we are bringing many unrelated cats together at the clinic. If you have a young cat that was not vaccinated prior to your PetFix appointment, your cat’s vomiting/diarrhea may be caused by infectious disease. These symptoms should be considered more concerning in these unvaccinated patients.

DELAYED USE OF THE LITTER BOX

Common Concerns:

- Stress and the opiate pain medication commonly cause delayed bowel movements. This is not a cause for concern unless it lasts longer than 5 days. It is not uncommon for cats to avoid the litter box for 24 hours after they get home from PetFix. If your cat does not urinate by 4PM the day-after-surgery, please call PetFix for advice.

Serious Concerns [Call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours)]:

- If your cat goes in the litter box and postures to urinate, but does not produce urine, this can be a medical emergency.

LUMPS AND BUMPS (NOT NEAR THE INCISION AREA):

Common Concerns:

- If your cat is eating, drinking, urinating, and defecating normally, and can stand and move around normally, new bumps appearing within 2 weeks of surgery are generally not life-threatening. Please call PetFix for further evaluation of the situation.

NEW EXCESSIVE HIDING OR SLEEPINESS

Common Concerns:

- **Same day as surgery:** This is normal in many cats, due to the pain/sleep medication and the stress of surgery. Check to make sure that your cat can stand when placed on its feet when you get home, again at 4pm, and before you go to bed. If the unusual behavior is getting obviously worse, call PetFix. If you cannot reach PetFix and your cat can't stand or move normally, seek emergency care. Cats like warm, quiet, dark places to recover from surgery. Creating spaces with these characteristics for them to rest during recovery will improve comfort.
- **Days following surgery:** Unusual hiding and sleepiness is not usual after the first night. If you notice that this continues, call PetFix for further advice.

Serious Concerns [Call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours)]:

- If your cat cannot stand when placed on its feet or is not able to move around normally, or if unusual sleepy behavior is getting obviously worse, call PetFix. If you can't reach PetFix and your cat can't stand, seek emergency care.

EXCITED AND/OR AGGRESSIVE BEHAVIOR

Common Concerns:

- Stress and the opiate pain medication can cause excited and/or aggressive behavior. Cats may run around wildly and may act threatening. This should not last more than one day. Cats experiencing this, need a quiet, cool, dark place to calm down. The stress of the PetFix visit, can lead to a prolonged trauma response in some cats. This can be seen as new aggressive behavior or excessive fear in unusual contexts. Please call PetFix if you notice this.

Serious Concerns [Call (216) 732-7040 (9am – 3pm weekdays) or (216) 618-7233 (after hours)]:

- When cats get very excited after surgery, they can overheat which can be potentially life-threatening. It is important to know what to look for. Monitor your cat for heavy panting with the tongue out and mouth open. An effective way to monitor a panting cat would be to do the following: 1. Place your cat in a covered carrier in a bathroom with ice packs underneath the carrier. 2. Leave your cat for 10 minutes, then check your cat again at the end of this time. 3. By the end of this 10 minutes of quiet time, your cat should no longer be panting. Please call PetFix if you notice heavy panting and seek emergency care if heavy panting lasts longer than 10 minutes in a cool, quiet, dark environment.

PET CARE RESOURCES

Emergency Vet Info:

- Metropolitan Veterinary Hospital – (440) 673-3483 - 734 Alpha Drive, Highland Heights, OH 44143VCA Great Lakes Veterinary Specialists (216) 831-6789 – 4760 Richmond Rd., Warrensville Hts., OH 44128
- MEDVET Cleveland West (216) 362-6000 – 14000 Keystone Pkwy., Brook Park, OH 44135

Veterinary Clinics (regular hours):

- Community Vet (216) 273-1044 – Full-service veterinarian, low-cost exam
- Cleveland Veterinary Clinic (216) 563-1299 -- Full-service veterinarian, sliding scale fees
- Gateway Animal Clinic (216) 771-4414 – Walk-in appointments Mon.-Sat.

Financial Medical Assistance for Pet Owners in Need:

- Valley Save-a-Pet (440) 232-9124 – Vouchers for emergency vet services
- One Health Organization (216) 920-3051; www.onehealth.org – Vouchers for vet services (low-income owners)
- Willowick Pet Food Pantry (willowickpetfoodpantry@gmail.com) – Vouchers for vet services (low-income owners)